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Safety Data Sheet

According to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012

1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Code: LUSTROQUARTZ250

Product name LUSTRO ITALIANO QUARTZ STONE POLISH & ENHANCER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Treatment for surfaces

 Identified Uses
 Industrial
 Professional
 Consumer

 ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATMENT FOR STONE
 ✓

 SECTOR
 ✓

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name TENAX USA

Full address
District and Country
Charlotte, NC 28273 USA
Tel. 704-583-1173
Fax. 704-583-3166

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet info@lustroitaliano.com

Supplier: TENAX USA

3300 Westinghouse Blvd Charlotte, NC 28273 USA Tel. 704-583-1173 info@lustroitaliano.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Infotrac

US and Canada: 1-800-535-5053

Int'l: 1-352-323-3500 info@infotrac.net

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement Flammable liquid, category 3 Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Hazard pictograms:

Flammable liquid and vapour.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.





Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements:



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2. Hazards identification .../>>

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / lighting / . . . / equipment.

Response:

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.
P370+P378 In case of fire: use CO2, sand, powder to extinguish.

Storage:

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

2.2. Other hazards

Environmental classification as for Reg. (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP):

The product is classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

Classification and Hazard Statement

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P391 Collect spillage. Storage:

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Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

Additional hazards Information not available

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

INDEX 014-018-00-1 $49 \le x < 51$ Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Reproductive toxicity, category 2 H361,

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 H410

VI=10

EC 209-136-7 CAS 556-67-2

REACH Reg. 01-2119529238-36-XXXX



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3. Composition/information on ingredients/>>

METHANOL

INDEX 603-001-00-X $0.1 \le x < 0.4$

Flammable liquid, category 2 H225, Acute toxicity, category 3 H301, Acute toxicity, category 3 H311, Acute toxicity, category 3 H331, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1 H370

EC 200-659-6 CAS 67-56-1

REACH Reg. 01-2119433307-44

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

METHANOL

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) is readily and rapidly absorbed at all exposure routes and is toxic by all routes. Methanol may cause irritation of the mucosa, as well as nausea, vomiting, headaches, vertigo and visual disorders, including blindness (irreversible damage to the optic nerve), acidosis, spasms, narcosis and coma. There may be a delay in the onset of these effects after exposure.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

Combustion products: COx and silicon fumes.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

^{*} There is a batch to batch variation.



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6. Accidental release measures .../>>

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

USA NIOSH-REL	NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.
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USA OSHA-PEL Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-1910.1000.

USA CAL/OSHA-PEL California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits

(PELs)

EU OEL EU Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2024/4000; Directive

2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive

2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive

91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2022

METHANOL									
Threshold Limit	Value								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV-ACGIH	-	262	200	328	250	SKIN			
OEL	EU	260	200						
OSHA	USA	260	200						
CAL/OSHA	USA	260	200	325	250	SKIN			
NIOSH	USA	260	200	325	250	SKIN			



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8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

ETHANOL									
Threshold Limit	Value								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV-ACGIH	-			1884	1000				
OSHA	USA	1900	1000						
CAL/OSHA	USA	1900	1000						
NIOSH	USA	1900	1000						

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

METHANOL

Sampling methods: https://amcaw.ifa.dguv.de/substance/methoden/065-Methanol_2016.pdf

ACGIH IBE: methanol in urine, 15 mg/l, at the end of the shift

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

HAND PROTECTION: Protect hands with work gloves for protection from chemical agents in nitrile or fluoroelastomer (EN 374-1: 2016) at least type B or higher based on the risk assessment carried out by the company. Breakthrough time> 480 minutes.

Material thickness:

NITRILE

short contact> 0.38 mm prolonged contact> 0.55 mm FLUOROELASTOMER short contact> 0.50 mm prolonged contact> 1.50 mm

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

PropertiesValueInformationAppearanceliquid

Appearance liquid
Colour opalescent
Odour characteristic
Odour threshold not available
pH not available

Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic (eg: an organic solvent

mixture)



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9. Physical and chemical properties .../>>

Melting point / freezing pointnot availableInitial boiling pointnot availableBoiling rangenot available

Flash point 35 °C (95 °F)

Evaporation rate not available not available Flammability Lower inflammability limit not available Upper inflammability limit not available Lower explosive limit not available Upper explosive limit not available Vapour pressure not available Vapour density not available Relative density 0.995 g/cm3 Solubility insoluble in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available Auto-ignition temperature not available Decomposition temperature not available not available Viscosity Explosive properties not available Oxidising properties not available

9.2. Other information

VOC: 49,51 % - 492,62 g/litre

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Thermal decomposition or combustion can release carbon oxides and other toxic gases and vapors. Amorphous silica.

11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure



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11. Toxicological information .../>>

METHANOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

METHANOL

The minimum lethal dose for humans by ingestion is considered to be in the range from 300 to 1000 mg/kg. Ingestion of 4-10 ml of the substance may cause permanent blindness in adult humans (IPCS).

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{LD50 (Oral):} & > 4800 \text{ mg/kg Ratto} \\ \text{LD50 (Dermal):} & > 2375 \text{ mg/kg Ratto} \\ \text{LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):} & 36 \text{ mg/l/4h Ratto} \\ \end{array}$

METHANOL

LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 3 mg/l/4h

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Carcinogenicity Assessment:

64-17-5 ETHANOL

ACGIH:: A3

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

In rats, a significant reduction in fertility was observed after exposure by inhalation to D4 (500, 700 ppm). There are currently no indications that the effects may have direct relevance to humans. D4 had no influence on male reproductive capacity and showed no developmental effects.

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD



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Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and highly toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

LC50 - for Fish > 0.022 mg/l/96h Trota iridea

EC50 - for Crustacea > 0.015 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 0.022 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 0.0044 mg/l Trota iridea

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 0.0079 mg/l Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane NOT rapidly degradable

METHANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 6.49 Log Kow 25°C

METHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0.77

BCF 0.2

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

vPvB substances contained: Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

PBT substances contained: Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available



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13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane) IMDG: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane) IATA: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Limited Quantities: 5 L

Special provision: 274, 601

EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Maximum quantity: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366 IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355 Passengers:

> Special provision: A3

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

IMDG:



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15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA:

All components of this product are listed on US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory or are exempt from the listing / notification requirements.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

67-56-1 METHANOL

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists:

313 Category Code:

67-56-1 METHANOL

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:

No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:

No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ:

67-56-1 METHANOL

EPCRA 313 TRI:

67-56-1 METHANOL

RCRA Code:

67-56-1 METHANOL

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:

No component(s) listed.

State Regulations

Massachussetts:

67-56-1 METHANOL 64-17-5 ETHANOL

Minnesota:

67-56-1 METHANOL 64-17-5 ETHANOL

New Jersey:

67-56-1 METHANOL



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15. Regulatory information .../>>

64-17-5 ETHANOL

New York:

67-56-1 METHANOL

Pennsylvania:

67-56-1 METHANOL 64-17-5 ETHANOL

California:

67-56-1 METHANOL 64-17-5 ETHANOL

Proposition 65:

WARNING! This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or reproductive harm.

67-56-1 METHANOL

NSRL / MADL (µg/day)

Hazard type Oral Dermal Inhalation Intravenous Note Development toxicity 23000 47000 -

International Regulations

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H370 Causes damage to organs.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code



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16. Other information .../>>

- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Product classification derives from criteria established by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01/02/03/04/05/08/09/10/11/12/14/15/16.